Building infrastructures for universitycommunity knowledge exchange: The role of information professionals and literacy educators

Heather De Forest, Luanne Freund, Aleha McCauley, Heather O'Brien & Suzanne Smythe

Canadian Association for Information Science Conference, Vancouver, BC June 5, 2019



Panellists



Heather O'Brien **UBC** iSchool

Aleha McCauley **UBC Library**

Heather De Forest SFU Library

Luanne Freund **UBC** iSchool

Suzanne Smythe SFU Education

INTRODUCTION

Heather O'Brien
Associate Professor
iSchool, University of British Columbia

Supporting Open and Transparent Research Engagement and Exchange (STOREE)

- 3-year SSHRC Partnership Development Grant
- Partners: UBC Library, SFU Library, BCCSU, UBC Learning Exchange
- History:
 - The problems with research in Vancouver's DTES: lack of reciprocity and burden
- Goals:
 - Work to make research more accessible and relevant to and useful for non-academic audiences.
 - Support researchers in knowledge exchange and interacting with participant populations
 - https://storee.ubc.ca



Knowledge exchange

- What is Knowledge Exchange (KE)?
- Why now?
- The role of "knowledge brokers" in KE

Knight, C., & Lightowler, C. (2010). Reflections of 'knowledge exchange professionals' in the social sciences: emerging opportunities and challenges for university-based knowledge brokers. Evidence & policy: a journal of research, debate and practice, 6(4), 543-556

Shaxson, L., Bielak, A., Ahmed, I., Brien, D., Conant, B., Fisher, C., & Phipps, D. (2012, April). Expanding our understanding of K*(KT, KE, KTT, KMb, KB, KM, etc.). In *A concept paper emerging from the K* conference held in UNU-INWEH Hamilton, ON*. Retrieved from, http://inweh.unu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/KStar ConceptPaper FINAL Oct29 WEBsmaller.pdf



The K* Spectrum (Shaxson et al., 2012)

Information disseminated from producers to consumers

Shaping the "coproduction of knowledge, social learning & innovation"

Information intermediaries

Knowledge translators

Knowledge brokers

Innovation brokers

Informational activities

Facilitating physical access to information

Relational activities

Promoting the ability of people to make sense of and use information

System activities

Influencing socio-technical systems, such as publishing, co-creation with end-users



Benefits of Knowledge Exchange

- Higher quality research that is more targeted to stakeholder needs
- Empowered research participants, increased accountability, transparency, and democracy in research
- Greater uptake and application of research findings

Esmail, L., Moore, E., & Rein, A. (2015). Evaluating patient and stakeholder engagement in research: moving from theory to practice. *Journal of comparative effectiveness research*, 4(2), 133-145, https://doi.org/10.2217/cer.14.79



Roles of library and information science (LIS) & literacy professionals in KE

- Help people locate, read, critique and create information meaningful to daily life
- Support researchers to develop and use context-appropriate, equitable and diverse KE strategies and media
- Be a bridge between researchers and knowledge users
- Help people manage, preserve, store and share research materials and data



Structure of the panel

Focal questions:

- How are professionals currently breaking ground in terms of the projects they are undertaking and the communities with which they are engaging? [McCauley & De Forest]
- How might we think about KE in community-based settings?
 Why is co-production of knowledge so fundamental to literacy education and outcomes? [Smythe]
- What training and professional development opportunities are required to enhance LIS and literacy professionals participation in the K* spectrum? [Freund]
- Questions and discussion



Making Research Accessible:
Developing the Downtown Eastside
(DTES) Research Access Portal

Aleha McCauley Librarian, UBC Library aleha.mccauley@ubc.ca

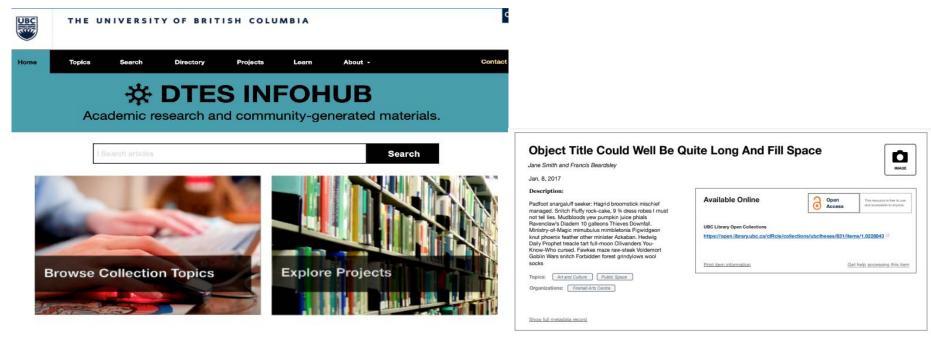


Vancouver's Downtown Eastside





Design mock-ups



Latest Items

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March 9th 2019

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Related Materials



Infohub News



STOREE Supporting Transparent & Open Research Engagement & Exchange

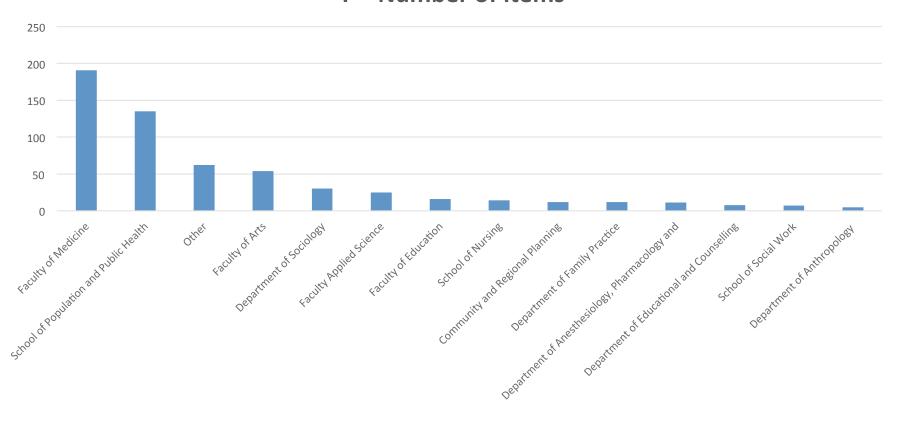
Working together

- Foster a mutually-beneficial ongoing partnership
- Curate a variety research materials, from academic articles, conference proceedings to research snapshots or summaries (e.g., knowledge translation outputs)
- Be responsive to local communities' needs
- Support Open Access to DTES research; and make library collections more discoverable
- Preserve relevant materials in UBC's institutional repository
- Support life-long learning



Current collection snapshot

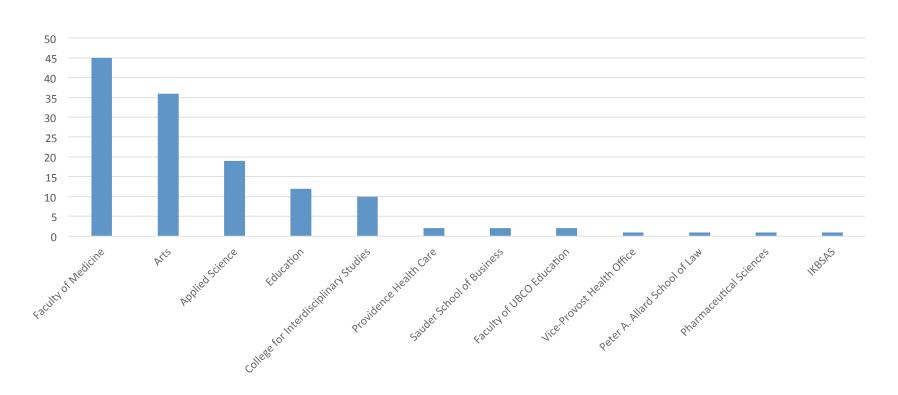
X= UBC Faculty/School/Department Y = Number of items





UBC active research projects

X = UBC Faculty/School/Department
Y = number of active projects





Responding to shifting priorities

| New DTES Portal | Institutional Repository |
|--|--|
| To organize and collection a body of | Preserve organizational output |
| knowledge on a a variety of topics; | (student, faculty, and approved |
| correlate related items | community content) |
| University affiliated personal owner or | Library managed |
| defined group (admin interface) | |
| Include community created materials; | Showcase organization research; foster |
| foster community identity; | academic identity |
| Created descriptions for curated | Preserve open access materials |
| digital content, OA materials and | |
| licensed materials | |
| Custom metadata schema with | Strictly enforced institutional repository |
| custom controlled vocabularies, | metadata schema |
| To accord to the second of the | To allow the second of the Constitution of |
| To create opportunities for new DTES | To attract new students, faculty and |
| research connections and exchanges | supporters to university |



MLIS competencies & gaps for K*

Existing competencies

- Designing information systems
- Project management skills
- Core MLIS values
- Issues in Scholarly Communications
- Community-led library practices

Seeking to grow my capacity

- Facilitation
- Plain language courses
- Leadership
- Design thinking

Next steps for DTES Portal

July: User acceptance testing

Aug/Sept: Launch DTES Portal

Fall: Offer training/user testing

2020: Host events to facilitate K*

Many thanks!

- Angela Towle, Academic Director & Kathleen Leahy, Director,
 & Heather Holroyd, Community Based Coordinator, Learning
 Exchange & Making Research Accessible Steering Committee
- Olu Ajayi, IT Project Manager
- Paul Joseph, Librarian, UBC Library
- Schuyler Lindberg, IT Digital Projects Interaction Designer
- Gordon Yusko, Assistant Director, & Sandra Wilkins, Acting Director, Irving K. Barber Learning Centre
- Brilliant graduate Students: Zach Foote, Bob Yeates, Blake Hawkins, Alina McKay, and more!
- Tara Stephens, Digital Repository Librarian and her team
- STOREE co-investigators and the leadership team

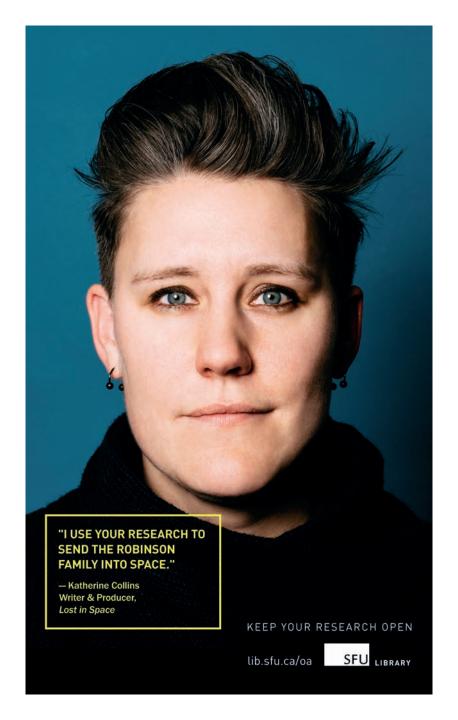


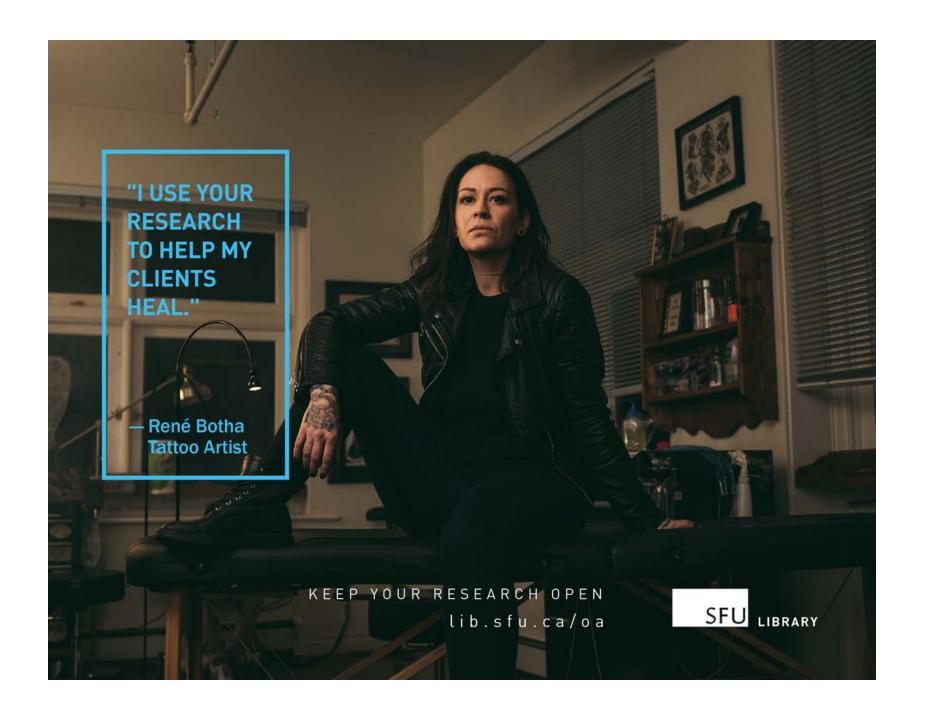
THE COMMUNITY SCHOLARS PROGRAM

Heather De Forest

Community Scholars Librarian

Simon Fraser University Library







K* IN COMMUNITY-BASED LITERACY INITIATIVES

Suzanne Smythe

Associate Professor

Faculty of Education, Simon Fraser University

Revisiting the goals of KE

- Help people locate, read, critique and create information meaningful to daily life
- Support researchers to develop and use context-appropriate, equitable and diverse KE strategies and media
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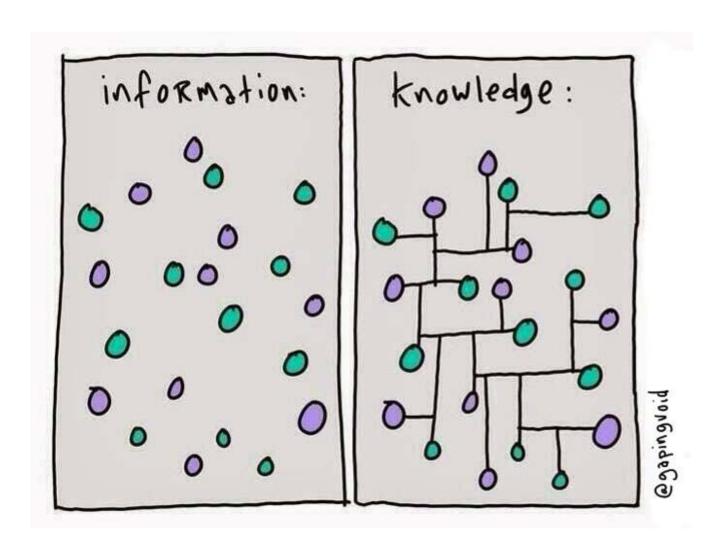


Information and Knowledge in Literacy Education

Literacy education is about supporting people to find and make sense of information, but the heart of the work is moving information into understanding and knowledge through critical reading, writing and discussion.

Transforming information into knowledge requires relational learning: integration into schema, making connections to other information and experiences, developing confidence with reading different kinds of texts and time to percolate.





And even then...

Our positionalities and epistemological framings matter for how we make sense of information and how information becomes knowledge (Fenwick & Farrel, 2012; Boyd, 2019)



Many marginalized communities do not see their lives or realities reflected in information/data/research/evidence they are asked to process;

And literacy educators can't always (or often) draw on academic literacy research because their actual, real-world practice is so different; So knowledge translation becomes knowledge engagement and co-production; a reworking and reclaiming of research knowledge for local needs.



Research-in-Practice



Improvements.... no less than Heroic

Harm Reduction and Learning in Vancouver's Downtown Eastside

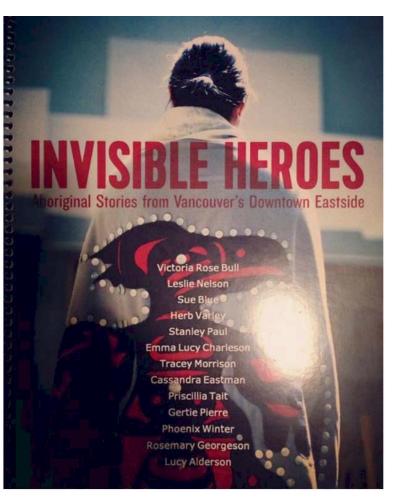
Betsy Alkenbrack

Both RiP and Harm Reduction challenge traditional ways of working and ways of knowing - and whose knowledge matters.

Both are, fundamentally, about respecting people on the ground: valuing their expertise and validating knowledge that is learned through experience and practice.

Harm Reduction challenges the "abstinence only" approach to working with participants – both in health and education – while RiP challenges notions that all the expertise is housed in universities.

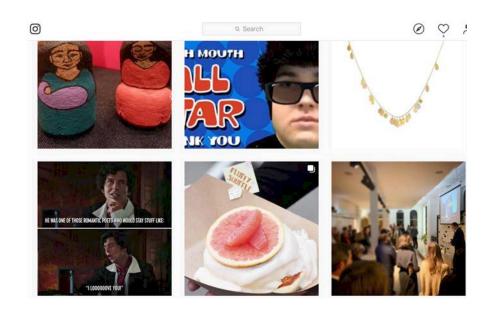
Co-research projects (Carnegie Learning Centre and Cap U)



- Undoing stigma
- Decolonizing research methods
- Making stories recognizable and accessible
- Building community capacity
- Resources for further learning

New challenges: Automation and algorithmic literacies

How young people access news and information depends increasingly on the nature of their online activity so that the "news follows them" (Data & Society, 2018).



Information and knowledge in digital ecosystems

"We need to imagine new possibilities in the area of information access and knowledge generation, particularly as headlines about "racist algorithms" continue to surface in the media with limited discussion and analysis beyond the superficial. " (Noble, 2018, p. 9)

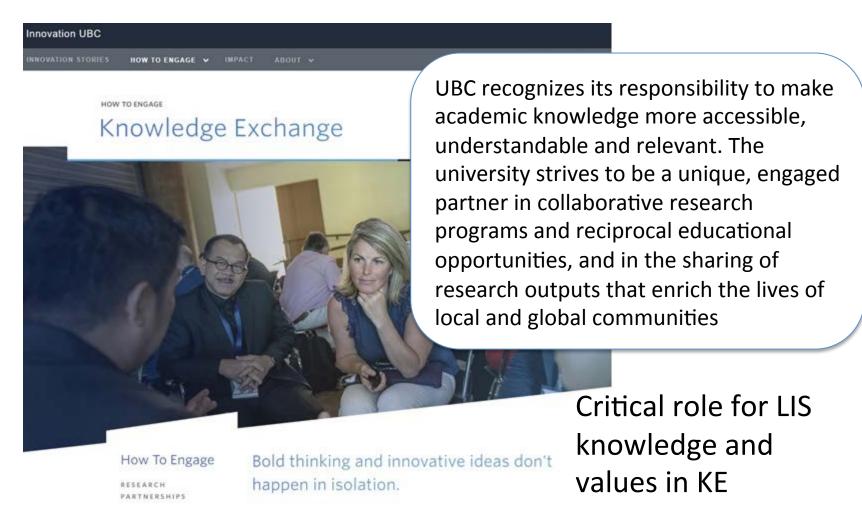


LIS EDUCATION IN SUPPORT OF KE

Luanne Freund

Director and Associate Professor iSchool, University of British Columbia

KE as a need & opportunity





innovation.ubc.ca

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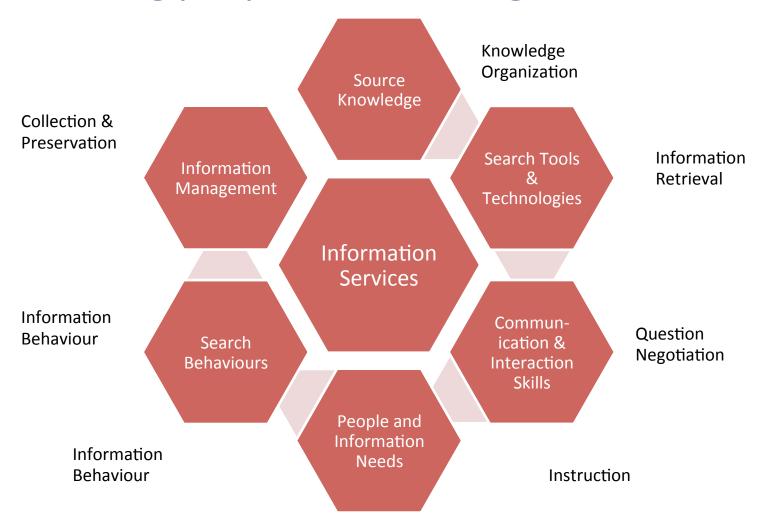
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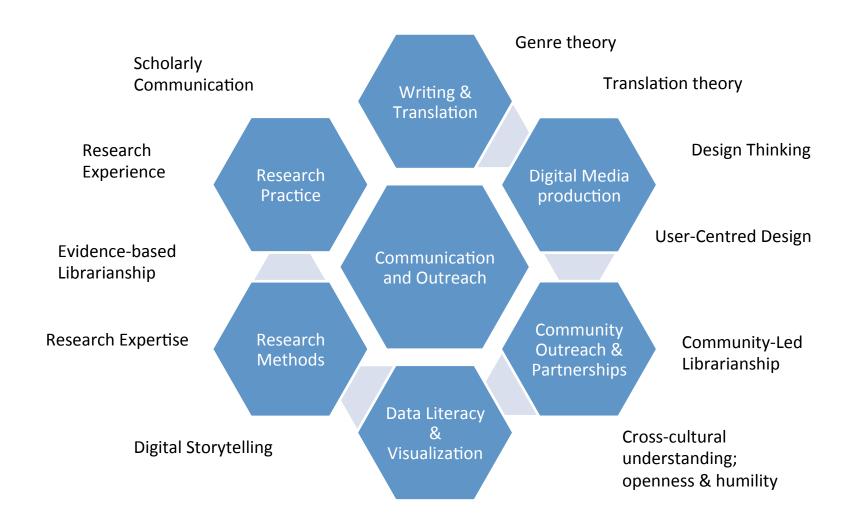
Information Intermediaries

Connecting people with existing information



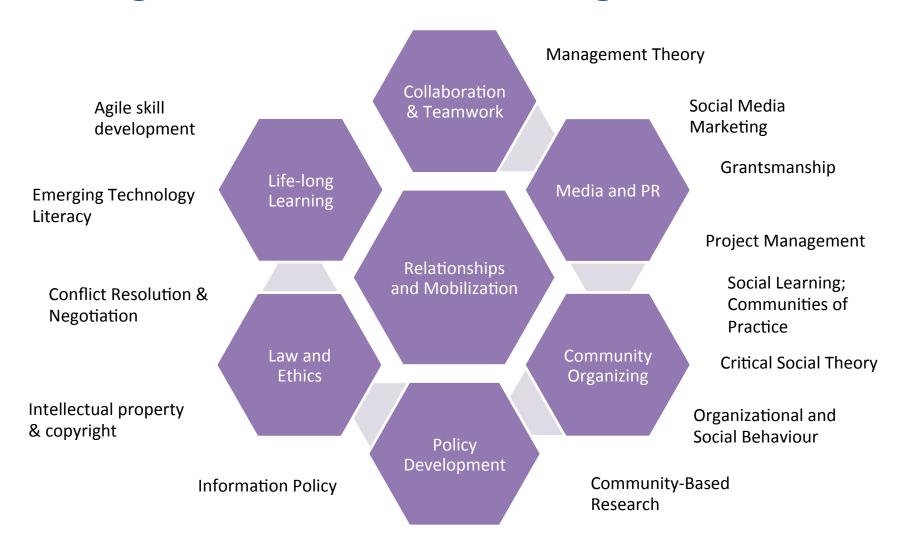
Knowledge Translators

Creating and customizing information for people



Knowledge Brokers

Working with information; creating connections



Areas of Focus

Information Services

Communication and Outreach

Relationships and Mobilization

Retain technical skills & knowledge

Content creation, storytelling & research experience

Community & Collaboration

Closing thoughts

- Researchers are increasingly being asked to make their research more accessible to non-academic audiences. LIS and literacy professionals are well positioned to increase KE capacities within universities and other research settings.
- Literacy educators conduct research and co-create knowledge with community to enhance the trustworthiness and "place-based" value of the information that is generated.
- LIS and literacy professionals are already integrated into the K* spectrum, but could be supported through further training, professional development, and recognition.



THANK YOU! QUESTIONS?

Questions for consideration

- How is the work of LIS professionals and literacy educators synergistic and distinct, and what are their unique contributions to KE?
- How does understanding the socio-technical systems of both local communities (e.g., gatekeepers, political dynamics, local history) and university communities (e.g., tenure and promotion, academic publishing) position librarians and literacy educators to act as bridges?
- As automation is increasingly shaping how people access and process information, what does this mean for knowledge exchange activities and outcomes?

